

# ALL TEST™ HBV Combo Rapid Test Cassette (Serum/Plasma) Package Insert

REF IHB-355 English

A rapid test for the qualitative detection of Hepatitis B Surface Antigen (HBsAg), Hepatitis B Surface Antibody (HBsAb), Hepatitis B Envelope Antigen (HBeAg), Hepatitis B Envelope Antibody (HBeAb), and Hepatitis Core Antibody (HBeAb) in serum or plasma. For professional in vitro diagnostic use only.

**INTENDED USE**  
The HBV Combo Rapid Test Cassette is a rapid chromatographic immunoassay for the qualitative detection of HBsAg, HBsAb, HBeAg, HBeAb and HBeAb in serum or plasma.

**SUMMARY**  
Chronic hepatitis B is a serious, debilitating illness that can cause cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer and death. Chronic hepatitis B is the main cause of liver cancer and the tenth leading cause of death worldwide, with 400,000,000 people infected with the virus. Every year, one million people worldwide are expected to die from this infection.

Most people fight off the infection themselves, but approximately 5-10 percent of those infected with the virus become carriers, and an additional 5-10 percent of those infected each year will progress to chronic liver disease, cirrhosis and possibly liver cancer.

The HBV Combo Rapid Test Cassette (Serum/Plasma) is a rapid test to qualitatively detect the presence of HBsAg, HBsAb, HBeAg, HBeAb and HBeAb in serum or plasma without the use of an instrument.

**PRINCIPLE**  
**HBsAg and HBeAg**  
The HBsAg and HBeAg tests are qualitative, two-site sandwich immunoassays for the detection of HBsAg or HBeAg in serum or plasma. The membrane is pre-coated with anti-HBsAg or anti-HBeAg antibodies on the test line region of the strip. During testing, the serum or plasma specimen reacts with the particle coated with anti-HBsAg or anti-HBeAg antibodies. The mixture migrates upward on the membrane chromatographically by capillary action to react with anti-HBsAg or anti-HBeAg antibodies on the membrane and generate a colored line. The presence of this colored line in the test line region indicates a positive result, while its absence indicates a negative result.

**HBsAb**  
Hepatitis B surface Antibody (HBsAb) is also known as anti-Hepatitis B surface Antigen (anti-HBs). This test is a qualitative, lateral flow immunoassay for the detection of HBsAb in serum or plasma. The membrane is pre-coated with HBsAg on the test line region of the strip. During testing, the serum or plasma specimen reacts with the particle coated with HBsAg. The mixture migrates upward on the membrane chromatographically by capillary action to react with HBsAg on the membrane and generate a colored line. The presence of this colored line in the test line region indicates a positive result, while its absence indicates a negative result.

**HBeAb and HBeAg**  
Hepatitis B envelope Antibody (HBeAb) is also known as anti-Hepatitis B envelope Antigen (anti-HBe). Hepatitis B core Antibody (HBeAb) is also known as anti-Hepatitis B core Antigen (anti-HBc). These tests are immunoassays based on the principle of competitive binding. During testing, the mixture migrates upward on the membrane chromatographically by capillary action. The membrane is pre-coated with HBeAg or HBcAg on the test line region of the strip. During testing, anti-HBe antibody or anti-HBc antibody, if present in the specimen, will compete with particle coated anti-HBe antibody or anti-HBc antibody for limited amount of HBeAg or HBcAg on the membrane, and no line will form in the test line region, indicating a positive result. A visible colored line will form in the test line region if there is no anti-HBe antibody or anti-HBc antibody in the specimen because all the antibody coated particles will be captured by the antigen coated in the test line region.

To serve as a procedural control, a colored line will always appear in the control line region indicating that proper volume of specimen has been added and membrane wicking has occurred.

**REAGENTS**  
The test cassette contains anti-HBsAg particles, HBsAg particles, anti-HBeAg particles, HBeAg particles respectively and anti-HBsAg, HBsAg, anti-HBeAg, Anti-HBcAg coated on the membrane respectively.

**PRECAUTIONS**  
**Please read all the information in this package insert before performing the test.**  
1. For professional in vitro diagnostic use only. Do not use after the expiration date.  
2. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the area where the specimens or kits are handled.  
3. Handle all specimens as if they contain infectious agents. Observe established precautions against microbiological hazards throughout testing and follow the standard procedures for proper disposal of specimens.  
4. Wear protective clothing such as laboratory coats, disposable gloves and eye protection when specimens are being tested.  
5. Humidity and temperature can adversely affect results.

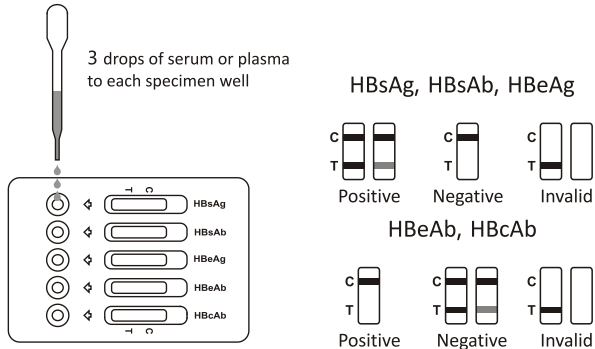
**STORAGE AND STABILITY**  
Store as packaged at room temperature or refrigerated (2-30°C). The test cassette is stable through the expiration date printed on the sealed pouch. The test must remain in the sealed pouch until use. **DO NOT FREEZE.** Do not use beyond the expiration date.

**SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND PREPARATION**  
● The HBV Combo Rapid Test Cassette can be performed using either serum or plasma.  
● Separate serum or plasma from blood as soon as possible to avoid hemolysis. Use only clear, non-hemolyzed specimens.  
● Testing should be performed immediately after specimen collection. Do not leave the specimens at room temperature for prolonged periods. Serum and plasma specimens may be stored at 2-8°C for up to 3 days. For long term storage, specimens should be kept below -20°C.

● Bring specimens to room temperature prior to testing. Frozen specimens must be completely thawed and mixed well prior to testing. Specimens should not be frozen and thawed repeatedly.  
● If specimens are to be shipped, they should be packed in compliance with federal regulations covering the transportation of etiologic agents.

**MATERIALS**  
Materials provided: Droppers, Package insert  
Material required but not provided: Test cassettes

- Specimen collection containers Centrifuge
- Timer
- **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**  
● Remove the test cassette from the sealed foil pouch and use it as soon as possible. Best results will be obtained if the assay is performed within one hour.  
● Place the test cassette on clean and level surface. Hold the dropper vertically and transfer 3 full drops of serum or plasma (approx. 75ul) to each sample well of the test cassette respectively, then start the timer. Avoid trapping air bubbles in the specimen well. See the illustration below.  
● Wait for the red line to appear. The result should be read at 15 minutes. Do not interpret the results after 20 minutes.



**INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS**  
(Please refer to the illustration above)  
**Warning:** Do not interpret all 5 tests with the same criterion. Carefully follow the directions below.

**HBsAg, HBsAb, HBeAg**  
**POSITIVE:** \* Two distinct colored lines appear. One colored line should be in the control region (C) and another colored line should be in the test region (T).  
**NOTE:** The intensity of the color in the test line region (T) will vary depending on the concentration of HBsAg, HBsAb, HBeAg present in the specimen. Therefore, any shade of color in the test region (T) should be considered positive.  
**NEGATIVE:** One colored line appears in the control region (C). No apparent colored line appears in the test region (T).  
**INVALID:** Control line fails to appear. Insufficient specimen volume or incorrect procedural techniques are the most likely reasons for control line failure. Review the procedure and repeat the test with a new test cassette. If the problem persists, discontinue using the test kit immediately and contact your local distributor.

**HBeAb, HBcAb**  
**NEGATIVE:** \* Two distinct colored lines appear. One colored line should be in the control region (C) and another colored line should be in the test region (T).  
**NOTE:** The intensity of the color in the test line region (T) may vary. But it should be considered negative whenever there is even a faint pink line.  
**Positive:** One colored line appears in the control region (C). No apparent colored line appears in the test region (T).  
**INVALID:** Control line fails to appear. Insufficient specimen volume or incorrect procedural techniques are the most likely reasons for control line failure. Review the procedure and repeat the test with a new test cassette. If the problem persists, discontinue using the test kit immediately and contact your local distributor.

**QUALITY CONTROL**  
A procedural control is included in the test. A red line appearing in the control line region (C) is the internal procedural control. It confirms sufficient specimen volume and correct procedural technique. Control standards are not supplied with this kit; however, it is recommended that positive and negative controls be tested as good laboratory practice to confirm the test procedure and to verify proper test performance.

**LIMITATIONS**  
1. The HBV Combo Rapid Test Cassette is for professional in vitro diagnostic use only. The test should be used for the detection of HBsAg, HBsAb, HBeAg, HBeAb and HBeAb in serum or plasma specimen. Neither the quantitative value nor the rate of HBsAg, HBsAb, HBeAg, HBeAb, HBeAb concentration can be determined by this qualitative test.  
2. The HBV Combo Rapid Test Cassette will only indicate the presence of HBsAg, HBsAb, HBeAg, HBeAb and HBeAb in the specimen and should not be used as the sole criteria for the diagnosis of Hepatitis B viral infection.  
3. As with all diagnostic tests, all results must be considered with other clinical information available to the physician.

**PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS**  
**Sensitivity and Specificity**  
The HBV Combo Rapid Test Cassette (Serum/Plasma) was compared with leading commercial EIA/RIA HBsAg, HBsAb, HBeAg, HBeAb, HBcAb tests, the results show that the HBV Combo Rapid Test Cassette (Serum/Plasma) has a high sensitivity and specificity.

Method	EIA		Total Results
	Results	Negative	
HBsAg Rapid Test Cassette (Serum/Plasma)	Positive	2	243
	Negative	359	359
	Total Results	241	602

Relative Sensitivity: >99.9% (95%CI\*: 98.8%-100%)  
Relative Specificity: 99.4% (95%CI\*: 98.0%-100%)

Accuracy: 99.7% (95%CI\*: 98.8%-100%) \*Confidence Intervals

Method	HBsAb		Total Results
	Results	Negative	
HBsAb Rapid Test Cassette (Serum/Plasma)	Positive	9	203
	Negative	391	398
	Total Results	201	601

Relative Sensitivity: 96.5% (95%CI\*: 93.0%- 98.6%)  
Relative Specificity: 97.8% (95%CI\*: 95.8%- 99.0%)  
Accuracy: 97.3% (95%CI\*: 95.7%-98.5%) \*Confidence Intervals

Method	HBeAg		Total Results
	Results	Negative	
HBeAg Rapid Test Cassette (Serum/Plasma)	Positive	9	163
	Negative	429	435
	Total Results	160	598

Relative Sensitivity: 96.3% (95%CI\*: 92.1%- 98.6%)  
Relative Specificity: 97.9% (95%CI\*: 96.1%- 99.1%)  
Accuracy: 97.5% (95%CI\*: 95.9%-98.6%) \*Confidence Intervals

Method	EIA		Total Results
	Results	Negative	
HBeAb Rapid Test Cassette (Serum/Plasma)	Positive	7	153
	Negative	329	333
	Total Results	150	486

Relative Sensitivity: 97.3% (95%CI\*: 93.3%- 99.3%)  
Relative Specificity: 97.9% (95%CI\*: 95.8%- 99.2%)  
Accuracy: 97.7% (95%CI\*: 96.0%-98.9%) \*Confidence Intervals

Method	EIA		Total Results
	Results	Negative	
HBcAb Rapid Test Cassette (Serum/Plasma)	Positive	4	362
	Negative	167	175
	Total Results	366	537

Relative Sensitivity: 97.8% (95%CI\*: 95.7%- 99.1%)  
Relative Specificity: 97.7% (95%CI\*: 94.1%- 99.4%)  
Accuracy: 97.8% (95%CI\*: 96.1%-98.8%) \*Confidence Intervals

**Precision Intra-Assay**  
Within-run precision has been determined by using 15 replicates of three specimens containing negative, low positive, high positive off-HBsAg, HBsAb, HBeAg, HBeAb, HBcAb. The negative and positive values were correctly identified 99% of the time.

**Inter-Assay**  
Between-run precision has been determined by using the same three specimens of negative, low positive, high positive of HBsAg, HBsAb, HBeAg, HBeAb, HBcAb in 15 independent assays. Three different lots of the HBV Combo Rapid Test Cassette (Serum/Plasma) has been tested over a 10 days period using negative, low positive and high positive specimens. The specimens were correctly identified 99% of the time.

**Cross-reactivity**  
The HBV Combo Rapid Test Cassette (Serum/Plasma) has been tested by HAMA, Rheumatoid factor (RF), HAV, Syphilis, HIV, P. Ylori, MONO, CMV, Rubella and TOXO positive specimens. The results showed no cross-reactivity.

**Interfering Substances**  
The HBV Combo Rapid Test Cassette (Serum/Plasma) has been tested for possible interference from visibly hemolyzed and lipemic specimens. No interference was observed. In addition, no interference was observed in specimens containing up to 2,000 mg/dL Hemoglobin, 1000 mg/dL Bilirubin, and 2000 mg/dL human serum Albumin.

**BIBLIOGRAPHY**  
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	Attention, see instructions for use		Tests per kit		Do not reuse
	For in vitro diagnostic use only		Use by		Catalog #
	Store between 2-30°C		Lot N number		

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