



DRG[®] Melatonin ELISA (EIA-1431)



Revised 10 Sept. 2012 rm (Vers. 8.1)

USA: 

This kit is intended for Research Use Only.

Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Please use only the valid version of the package insert provided with the kit.

INTENDED USE

Enzyme immunoassay for measurement of melatonin in human serum and plasma.

TEST PRINCIPLE

The assay procedure follows the basic principle of competitive ELISA whereby there is competition between a biotinylated and a non-biotinylated antigen for a fixed number of antibody binding sites. The amount of biotinylated antigen bound to the antibody is inversely proportional to the analyte concentration of the sample. When the system is in equilibrium, the free biotinylated antigen is removed by a washing step and the antibody bound biotinylated antigen is determined by use of streptavidin alkaline phosphatase as marker and p-nitrophenyl phosphate as substrate. Quantification of unknowns is achieved by comparing the enzymatic activity of unknowns with a response curve prepared by using known standards.

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

1. For research use only. For professional use only.
2. Before starting the assay, read the instructions completely and carefully. Use the valid version of the package insert provided with the kit. Be sure that everything is understood.
3. In case of severe damage of the kit package please contact DRG or your supplier in written form, latest one week after receiving the kit. Do not use damaged components in test runs, but keep safe for complaint related issues.
4. Obey lot number and expiry date. Do not mix reagents of different lots. Do not use expired reagents.
5. Follow good laboratory practice and safety guidelines. Wear lab coats, disposable latex gloves and protective glasses where necessary.
6. Reagents of this kit containing hazardous material may cause eye and skin irritations. See MATERIALS SUPPLIED and labels for details. Material Safety Data Sheets for this product are available upon request.
7. Chemicals and prepared or used reagents have to be treated as hazardous waste according to national biohazard and safety guidelines or regulations.
8. Avoid contact with Stop solution. It may cause skin irritations and burns.
9. All reagents of this kit containing human serum or plasma have been tested and were found negative for anti-HIV I/II, HBsAg and anti-HCV. However, a presence of these or other infectious agents cannot be excluded absolutely and therefore reagents should be treated as potential biohazards in use and for disposal.



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STORAGE AND STABILITY

The kit is shipped at ambient temperature and should be stored at 2 °C - 8 °C. Keep away from heat or direct sun light. The storage and stability of specimen and prepared reagents is stated in the corresponding chapters.

The microtiter strips are stable up to the expiry date of the kit in the broken, but tightly closed bag when stored at 2 °C - 8 °C.

After elution with methanol the Extraction Columns may be used for extraction of the next samples or stored at 2 °C - 8 °C protected from dust. Extraction Columns may be re-used up to 4 times.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND STORAGE

Serum, Plasma (EDTA, Heparin)

The usual precautions for venipuncture should be observed. It is important to preserve the chemical integrity of a blood specimen from the moment it is collected until it is assayed. Do not use grossly hemolytic, icteric or grossly lipemic specimens. Samples appearing turbid should be centrifuged before testing to remove any particulate material.

Storage:	2 °C - 8 °C	≤ -20 °C (Aliquots)	≤ -70 °C (Aliquots)	Keep away from heat or direct sun light. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Stability :	24 hours	3 months	1 year	













MATERIALS SUPPLIED

NOTE: The reagents provided with this kit are sufficient for single determinations in the sample preparation (extraction) and duplicates in the assay. Additional reagents are available upon request.

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Quantity	Symbol	Component
1 x 12x8		Microtiter Plate Break apart strips. Coated with anti-rabbit IgG (goat, polyclonal).
3 x 2 mL		Melatonin Biotin , lyophilized Contains: stabilizers.
3 x 2 mL		Melatonin Antiserum lyophilized Contains: Antiserum (rabbit, polyclonal), stabilizers.
1 x 250 µL		Enzyme Conjugate , Concentrate (80x). Contains: streptavidin alkaline phosphatase, Tris buffer, stabilizers.
1 x 6 x 2 mL		Standard A-F , lyophilized Contains: stabilizers. For exact concentrations see vial labels or QC Certificate.
1 x 2 x 2 mL		Control 1+2 , lyophilized Contains: stabilizers. Concentrations / acceptable ranges see QC Certificate.
1 x 100 mL		Wash Buffer , Concentrate (10x) Contains: phosphate buffer.
1 x 9 x		PNPP Substrate Tablets In one foil packet. Contains: p-nitrophenyl phosphate (PNPP).
1 x 27 mL		PNPP Substrate Buffer Ready to use. Contains: diethanolamine, water.
1 x 15 mL		PNPP Stop Solution Ready to use. Contains: 1 M NaOH, 0.25 M EDTA.
2 x 10		Extraction Columns Ready to use. C18 RP. 1 cm ³ /100 mg. Additional extraction columns can be ordered separately under REF KEME761.
3 x		Adhesive Foil

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED

1. Micropipettes (Multipette Eppendorf or similar devices, < 3% CV). Volume: 50; 500 µL
2. Disposable glass test tubes or round-bottom polystyrene test tubes (12 x 75 mm)
3. Orbital shaker (400-600 rpm)
4. Vortex mixer
5. 8-Channel Micropipettor with reagent reservoirs
6. Wash bottle, automated or semi-automated microtiter plate washing system
7. Centrifuge; 100-200 x g
alternatively: Vacuum manifold (e.g. Mallinckrodt-Baker or Waters)
8. Methanol (HPLC grade)
9. Evaporator centrifuge (Speed-Vac)
alternatively: Sample concentrator by use of nitrogen (e.g. Techne)
10. Microtiter plate reader capable of reading absorbance at 405 nm (reference wavelength 600-650 nm)
11. Bidistilled or deionised water
12. Paper towels, pipette tips and timer

PROCEDURE NOTES

1. Any improper handling of samples or modification of the test procedure may influence the results. The indicated pipetting volumes, incubation times, temperatures and pretreatment steps have to be performed strictly according to the instructions. Use calibrated pipettes and devices only.
2. Once the test has been started, all steps should be completed without interruption. Make sure that required reagents, materials and devices are prepared ready at the appropriate time. Allow all reagents and specimens to reach room temperature (18 °C - 25 °C) and gently swirl each vial of liquid reagent and sample before use. Mix reagents without foaming.
3. Avoid contamination of reagents, pipettes and wells/tubes. Use new disposable plastic pipette tips for each component and specimen. Do not interchange caps. Always cap not used vials. Do not reuse wells/tubes or reagents.
4. It is advised to determine samples in duplicate to be able to identify potential pipetting errors.
5. Use a pipetting scheme to verify an appropriate plate layout.
6. Incubation time affects results. All wells should be handled in the same order and time sequences. It is recommended to use an 8-channel Micropipettor for pipetting of solutions in all wells.
7. Microplate washing is important. Improperly washed wells will give erroneous results. It is recommended to use a multichannel pipette or an automatic microplate washing system. Do not allow the wells to dry between incubations. Do not scratch coated wells during rinsing and aspiration. Rinse and fill all reagents with care. While rinsing, check that all wells are filled precisely with Wash Buffer, and that there are no residues in the wells.
8. Humidity affects the coated wells/tubes. Do not open the pouch until it reaches room temperature. Unused wells/tubes should be returned immediately to the resealed pouch including the desiccant.

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9. The relative centrifugal force (g) is not equivalent to rounds per minute (rpm) but it has to be calculated depending on the radius of the centrifuge.

PRE-TEST SETUP INSTRUCTIONS

NOTE:The contents of the kit for 96 determinations can be divided into 3 separate runs.

The volumes stated below are for one run with 4 strips (32 determinations).

Preparation of lyophilized or concentrated Components

Dilute/ dissolve	Component		Diluent	Relation	Remarks	Storage	Stability
15 mL	WASHBUF	ad 150 mL	bidist. Water	1:10	Warm up at 37°C to dissolve crystals, if necessary. Mix vigorously.	2 °C - 8 °C	8 w
	CAL A-F CONTROL 1+2	with 2.0 mL	bidist. Water		Let stand for 15 min. Mix without foaming.	≤ -20°C (Aliquots)	until Exp. Date
	BIOTIN	with 2.0 mL	WASHBUF (diluted)		Let stand for 15 min. Mix without foaming.	Prepare freshly and use only once.	
	ANTISERUM	with 2.0 mL	bidist. Water		Let stand for 15 min. Mix without foaming.		
70 µL	ENZCONJ	with 5.6 mL	WASHBUF (diluted)	1:81			
3	PNPP SUBS	with 8 mL	PNPP BUF				
10 mL	Methanol (undiluted)	ad 100 mL	bidist. Water	10 % (v/v)			

If a larger volume is needed, vials can be pooled. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Dilution of Samples

Samples suspected to contain concentrations higher than the highest standard have to be diluted with diluted Wash Buffer prior to extraction step.

Extraction of Samples, Standards and Controls (Extraction Column)

The yield of extraction with this procedure is approx. 90 - 100 %.

Filter or centrifuge the samples prior to extraction in order to avoid clogging of the columns.

NOTE: Each sample, Standard and Control has to be extracted. Extraction may be performed in advance. The dried extracts (after evaporation of methanol) may be stored at 2 °C - 8 °C or ≤ -20°C for up to 24 h.

After elution with methanol the Extraction Columns may be used for extraction of the next samples or stored at 2 °C - 8 °C protected from dust. Extraction Columns may be re-used up to 4 times. In case of re-use, start again with A.1 (Column Conditioning).

A. Standard version: Procedure for Centrifuge and Evaporator Centrifuge**1. Column Conditioning:**

1. Place the Extraction Columns into polystyrene or glass tubes (12 x 75 mm).
2. Add **1 x 1 mL** of **methanol (undiluted)** to the columns. Let the solvent pass through the column by centrifugation for 1 min at 120 x g. Discard eluate.
3. Add **1 x 1 mL** of **bidist. water** to the columns. Let the solvent pass through the column by centrifugation for 1 min at 120 x g. Discard eluate.
4. Proceed with sample application without delay in order to avoid the columns getting dry.

2. Sample Application:

5. Place the Extraction Columns into correspondingly marked polystyrene or glass tubes (12 x 75 mm).
6. Add **0.5 mL** of Standards, Controls and samples to the columns.
7. Add 0.5 mL of bidist. water to the columns.
Let pass through the column by centrifugation for 5 min at 120 x g. Discard eluate.

3. Washing:

8. Add **2 x 1 mL** of **10 % methanol in bidist. water (v/v)** to the columns. Let the solvent pass through the column by centrifugation for 5min at 120 x g. Discard eluate.

4. Elution of Extract:

9. Place the Extraction Columns into new, correspondingly marked polystyrene or glass tubes (12 x 75 mm).
10. Add **1 mL** of **methanol (undiluted)** to the columns. Let the solvent pass through the column by centrifugation for 5 min at 120 x g.
11. Remove columns from the tubes. Avoid drops to be left at the columns.
Use columns for extraction of the next samples or store at 2 °C - 8 °C protected from dust. Extraction Columns may be re-used up to 4 times.

5. Evaporation and Reconstitution of Extract:

12. **Evaporate** the methanol **to dryness** by use of evaporator centrifuge.
13. **Reconstitute** Standards, Controls and samples with **0.15 mL** of **bidist. water**.
14. Vortex at least 1 min and assay immediately.

B. Alternative version: Procedure for Vacuum Manifold instead of a Centrifuge

For the extraction scheme follow points A 1-5 accordingly. The volumes remain unchanged.

Let the **solvent** pass through the column using vacuum and a flow rate of ≤ 5 mL/min.

For the **samples and extracts** use a flow rate of ≤ 2 mL/min.

The evaporation of the solvent may be performed by using an evaporator centrifuge or by nitrogen.

TEST PROCEDURE

1. Pipette **50 μ L** of each extracted Standard, extracted Control and extracted sample into the respective wells of the Microtiter Plate.
2. Pipette **50 μ L** of **Melatonin Biotin** into each well.
3. Pipette **50 μ L** of **Melatonin Antiserum** into each well.
4. Cover plate with adhesive foil. Shake plate carefully. **Incubate 14-20 h** at **2 °C - 8 °C**.
5. Remove adhesive foil. Discard incubation solution. Wash plate **3 x** with **250 μ L** of diluted **Wash Buffer**. Remove excess solution by tapping the inverted plate on a paper towel.
6. Pipette **150 μ L** of freshly prepared **Enzyme Conjugate** into each well.
7. Cover plate with new adhesive foil. **Incubate 120 min** at **RT (18-25°C)** on an orbital shaker (500 rpm).
8. *Approx. 10 min before end of incubation prepare PNPP Substrate Solution.*
9. Remove adhesive foil. Discard incubation solution. Wash plate **3 x** with **250 μ L** of diluted **Wash Buffer**. Remove excess solution by tapping the inverted plate on a paper towel.
10. For adding of Substrate and Stop Solution use, if available, an 8-channel Micropipettor. Pipetting should be carried out in the same time intervals for Substrate and Stop Solution. Use positive displacement and avoid formation of air bubbles.
11. Pipette **200 μ L** of freshly prepared **PNPP Substrate Solution** into each well.
12. **Incubate 20 - 40 min** at **RT (18-25°C)** on an orbital shaker (500 rpm).
13. Stop the substrate reaction by adding **50 μ L** of **PNPP Stop Solution** into each well. Briefly mix contents by gently shaking the plate.



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14. **Measure** optical density with a photometer at **405 nm** (Reference-wavelength: 600-650 nm) within **60 min** after pipetting of the Stop Solution.

QUALITY CONTROL

The test results are only valid if the test has been performed following the instructions. Moreover the user must strictly adhere to the rules of GLP (Good Laboratory Practice) or other applicable standards/laws.

Each laboratory should use known samples as further controls. It is recommended to participate at appropriate quality assessment trials

In case of any deviation the following technical issues should be proven: Expiration dates of (prepared) reagents, storage conditions, pipettes, devices, incubation conditions and washing methods.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

The obtained OD of the standards (y-axis, linear) are plotted against their concentration (x-axis, logarithmic) either on semi-logarithmic graph paper or using an automated method. A good fit is provided with cubic spline, 4 Parameter Logisitics or Logit-Log.

For the calculation of the standard curve, apply each signal of the standards (one obvious outlier of duplicates might be omitted and the more plausible single value might be used).

The concentration of the samples can be read directly from the standard curve.

In case of diluted samples the values have to be multiplied with the corresponding dilution factor.

Samples showing concentrations above the highest standard have to be diluted as described in PRE-TEST SETUP INSTRUCTIONS and reassayed.

Conversion:

Melatonin (pg/mL) x 4.30 = pmol/L



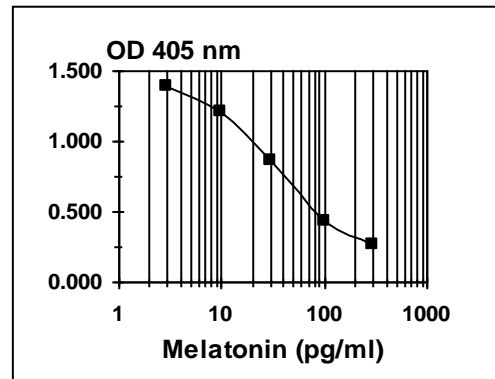
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Typical Calibration Curve

(Example. Do not use for calculation!)

Standard	Melatonin (pg/mL)	OD _{Mean}	OD/OD _{max} (%)
A	0.0	1.517	100.0
B	3.0	1.383	91.1
C	10	1.214	80.1
D	30	0.867	57.1
E	100	0.434	28.6
F	300	0.260	17.1



PRODUCT LITERATURE REFERENCES

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