# DIAGNOSTIC KIT FOR DETERMINATION OF TOTAL PROTEINS CONCENTRATION IN URINE

# **OS – URINE PROTEINS**

### INTRODUCTION

In healthy people with properly functioning kidneys proteins are actively reabsorbed in the proximal tubules and only small amounts proteins (several mg per day) are excreted in urine. The measurement of total proteins concentration in urine are used in the diagnosis and treatment of disease conditions such as renal or heart diseases, or thyroid disorders, which are characterized by proteinuria or albuminuria.

The measurement of total proteins in cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) is especially useful in detecting increased permeability of the blood-brain barrier and to detection increased intrathecal synthesis of immunoglobulins. Increase the concentration of protein in CSF may indicate brain tumors. Intracerebral hemorrhage, brain injury, bacterial and viralencephalitis and multiple sclerosis.

### METHOD PRINCIPLE

Direct, colorimetric method with pyrogallol red.

At an acidic pH the protein aminoacid groups, with the pyrogallol redmolibdate complex, form a coloured compound which colour intensity is proportional to the concentration of proteins in the sample.

### REAGENTS

Package	
1-Reagent	2 x 53.5 ml

The reagent when stored at 15-30°C is stable up to expiry date printed on the package. The reagents are stable for 12 weeks on board the analyser at 2-10°C. Protect from light and evaporation, avoid contamination!

#### **Concentrations in the test**

Succinate buffer	50 mmol/l
Pyrogallol red	0.06 mmol/l
Sodium molibdate	0.04 mmol/l
Detergent	2 %

#### Warnings and notes

- Product for in vitro diagnostic use only.
- The reagents must be used only for purpose intended by suitably qualified laboratory personnel, under appropriate laboratory conditions.
- Do not use after expiry date.
- Do not interchange caps.
- Do not freeze reagent.
- Reagent should be mixed before use by gentle inverting the bottle several times.
- The appearance of turbidity or control sera values outside the manufacturer's acceptable range may indicate of reagent instability.
- The reagent contains < 0.1% sodium azide as a preservative. Avoid contact with skin and mucous membranes.

#### **SPECIMEN**

Urine. Collect samples in accordance with the NCCLS procedure reported in literature.

Cerebrospinal fluid. Centrifuge before analysis. To correct interpretation of results CSF specimen must be collected and analysed simultaneously with a blood sample.

Urine sample can be stored up to 2 days at 2-8°C.

CSF sample can be stored up to 3 days at 2-8°C, 6 months at -20 °C. Nevertheless it is recommended to perform the assay with freshly collected samples!

# PROCEDURE

This reagent may be used in automatic analysers Olympus AU400/AU640.

1-Reagent is ready to use.

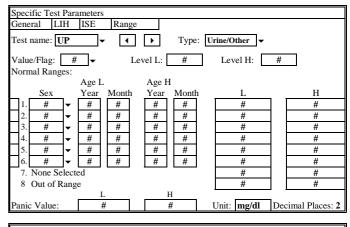
For reagent blank 0.9% NaCl is recommended.

Olympus OS – URINE PROTEINS page 1



## APPLICATION

Reagent ID: 070			
Specific Test Parameters			
General LIH ISE 1	Range		
Test name: UP	✓ Type: Urine/Other ▼ Operation: Yes ▼		
Sample: Volume 4	$\mu$ L Dilution <b>0</b> $\mu$ L Pre-Dilution Rate: <b>1</b>		
Reagents: R1 Volume 200	μL Dilution 0 μL Min OD Max OD		
R2 Volume 0	μL Dilution 0 μL L -2.0000 Η 2.5000		
Reagent OD Limit:			
Wavelength: Pri. 600	▼ Sec. ▼ First L -2.0000 First H 2.5000		
Method: END	✓ Last L -2.0000 Last H 2.5000		
Reaction Slope: +	<ul> <li>Dynamic Range:</li> </ul>		
Measuring Point 1: First 0	Last 27 L 5.5 H 250		
Measuring Point 2: First	Last Correlation Factor:		
Linearity:	% A 1.000 B 0.000		
No-Lag-Time:	<ul> <li>On-board Stability Period:</li> </ul>		



Calibration Specifi	ic				
General ISE					
Test name: UP • • Type: Urine/Other •					
Calibration Type: <b>2AB</b> Formula: <b>Polygonal</b> Counts: <b>1</b> Process: <b>CONC</b>					
Ca	l. No.	OD	CONC	Factor/OD-L	Factor/OD-H
Point 1:	#		**	-2.0000	2.5000
Point 2:	#		*	-2.0000	2.5000
Point 3:					
Point 4:					
Point 5:					
Point 6:					
Point 7:					
1-Point Cal.Point: with CONC-0 Slope Check: None ▼ Advanced Calibration: # ▼					
MB Type Fact	or:		Calibratio	on Stability Period:	

# User defined

Calibrator value\*\* Saline should be used as calibrator 1

\*\*\* Same should be used as calibrator

#### Calculation

For the calculation of proteins excreted over 24 hours, multiply the concentration (mg/dl) by the volume (dl) of the 24 hours urine.

#### **REFERENCE VALUES 5, 8**

urine (adults)	< 15 mg/dl (0.15 g/l)		
urine 24-h (adults)	< 100 mg (0.10 g)		
cerebrospinal fluid	mg/dl	g/l	
0-4 weeks	20 - 80	0.20 - 0.80	
1 month – adults	15 - 45	0.15 - 0.45	

It is recommended for each laboratory to establish its own reference ranges for local population.

#### QUALITY CONTROL

For internal quality control it is recommended to use the CORMAY URINE CONTROL LEVEL 1 (Cat. No 5-161) and LEVEL 2 (Cat. No 5-162) with each batch of samples.

For the calibration of automatic analysers systems are recommended the CORMAY URINE PROTEINS CALIBRATORS (Cat. No. 5-181).

The calibration curve should be prepared every 9 weeks, with change of reagent lot number or as required e.g. quality control findings outside the specified range.

## PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

These metrological characteristics have been obtained using the automatic analysers Olympus AU400 and Hitachi 911. Results may vary if a different instrument is used.

- Sensitivity: 5.5 mg/dl.
- Linearity: up to 250 mg/dl.

If total proteins concentration exceeds 250 mg/dl dilute the sample with 0.9% NaCl and repeat the assay. Multiply the result by dilution factor.

#### Specificity / Interferences

Inorganic phosphate, calcium and magnesium ions, creatinine, urea, uric acid, glucose, sodium citrate, sodium oxalate and sodium ascorbate do not significantly interfere with the test (< 2%).

#### Precision

Repeatability (run to run)	Mean	SD	CV
n = 20	[mg/dl]	[mg/dl]	[%]
level 1	34.29	1.31	3.82
level 2	126.07	3.50	2.78

Reproducibility (day to day)	Mean	SD	CV
n = 20	[mg/dl]	[mg/dl]	[%]
level 1	25.4	0.59	2.32
level 2	43.0	0.85	1.98

#### Method comparison

A comparison between total protein values determined at Olympus AU400 (y) and at ADVIA 1650 (x) using 44 samples gave following results:

y = 1.0287 x + 4.1389 mg/dl;

R = 0.9943 (R – correlation coefficient)

#### WASTE MANAGEMENT

Please refer to local legal requirements.

#### LITERATURE

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