



# MEDONIC CA 530-ODEN, THOR, CA 620-LOKE, BALDER, MEDONIC CA 530-MIMER, HEMOCELL 1600, 2000 reagents

REF	8-813 DILUENT (20 L)
	8-814 LYSING REAGENT CN FREE (5 L)
	8-831 ENZYMATIC CLEANER (5 L)

## IVD

### SUMMARY

The blood counters use the impedance technology to measure the number of cells in a diluted blood sample which pass through an aperture located between two electrodes where a constant electrical current is applied.

The dilution is done with an isotonic solution which is a conductor and does not lyse the blood cells.

The conductivity of the isotonic diluent allows the passage of the electrical current between the two electrodes. When a particle is aspirated through the micro-orifice, it moves its own volume of electrolyte. This applies a modification of the resistance between both electrodes and generates an electrical pulse. The amplitude is directly proportional to the volume of the particle.

Two separate dilutions are prepared for WBC/HGB and for RBC/PLT.

### COLLECTION AND STORAGE

**MEDONIC CA 530-ODEN, THOR, CA 620-LOKE, BALDER, MEDONIC CA 530-MIMER, HEMOCELL 1600, 2000** are fully automated analysers performing haematological analysis on whole blood collected on EDTA tubes. The ratio between EDTA and whole blood must be between 1 to 2 mg per ml of blood.

The samples should be used at room temperature no longer than 4 hours after collection. If the analysis can't be done in the time, the samples should be stored at 4°C.

### UTILISATION

Before running the analysis, the sample should be gently mixed. Open the tube, place it in the sampling port and press the start key.

### CONSERVATION AND SHELF LIFE

The reagents must be stored between 18°C and 30°C and used before the expiry date indicated on the label.

### REFERENCE

Refer to the Operator manual for the analysers.

### UTILISATION (For In Vitro Diagnostic use)

**DILUENT** is designed for diluting the whole blood prior to counting and sizing of RBC/WBC/PLT. It maintains stability RBC/PLT during counting.

**LYSING REAGENT CN FREE:** Lysing agent to obtain the measurement of the haemoglobin, counting and differentiation of the white blood cells.

Used in combination with the diluent, this reagent lyses the red blood cells and protects the state of the leukocytes to permit the differentiation in three populations (lymphocytes, monocytes, granulocytes).

Diluent, lysing reagent, cleaner or enzymatic cleaner are the functional set to perform blood sample analysis on haematology analyser.

**ENZYMATIC CLEANER** is designed to remove protein contaminants from the measurement system of the analyser after each blood sample analysis. The presence of an enzyme reduces the formation of proteins deposit.

### COMPONENTS

DILUENT		ENZYMATIC CLEANER	
sodium chloride	< 8 g/l	sodium chloride	< 8 g/l
potassium chloride	< 1 g/l	sodium fluoride	< 1 g/l
buffer	< 5 g/l	preservatives	< 2 g/l
sodium EDTA	< 1 g/l	surface active comp.	< 4 g/l
preservatives	< 4 g/l	proteolytic enzymes	< 12 g/l
surface active comp.	< 0.02 g/l		

### LYSING REAGENT CN FREE

quaternary ammonium salts	< 4 g/l
potassium chloride	< 10 g/l

### WASTE TREATMENT

Chemical residues, in general, are included into special waste. Disposing of the latter is regulated by appropriate laws and ordinances. We recommend contacting the appropriate authorities, or waste disposal enterprises that will advise you on how to dispose special waste of.

### PRECAUTIONS

For *In vitro* diagnostic use.  
For professional use only.  
Wear protective equipment.  
Avoid release to sewage system or to environment.  
For further information please refer to Material Safety Data Sheet.

### NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE MANUFACTURER



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