AESKULISA AMA-M2-G

REF 3705

Instruction manual

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1. Intended Use

AESKULISA AMA-M2-G is a solid phase enzyme immunoassay employing native mitochondial M2 antigen for the quantitative and qualitative detection of antibodies against M2 in human serum.

The assay is a tool in the diagnosis of the primary biliary cirrhosis (PBC).

2. Clinical Application and Principle of the Assay

Primary biliary cirrhosis (PBC) is a chronic inflammatory disorder of the small and medium bile ducts and serologically characterized by the presence of circulating M2 autoantibodies. Anti-M2 autoantibodies belong to the group of anti-mitochondrial antibodies (AMA). The heterogeneously reacting specific AMA of the M2 subtype are directed against three related proteins of the α -keto acid dehydrogenase complex, which is located at the inner mitochondrial membrane. The major epitope recognized is located on the E2 subunit and the protein X of the pyruvate dehydrogenase complex (PDC). Additionally, AMA-M2-G autoantibodies recognize the (E1 α and E1 β) subunits of the same complex and the E2 subunit of several other multienzyme complexes, such as the 2-oxo-glutarate dehydrogenase complex (OGDC) and the branched chain 2-oxo acid dehydrogenase complex (BCOADC). The determination of AMA-M2-G is a powerful tool in diagnosing PBC.

Principle of the test

Serum samples diluted 1:101 are incubated in the microplates coated with the specific antigen. Patient's antibodies, if present in the specimen, bind to the antigen. The unbound fraction is washed off in the following step. Afterwards anti-human immunoglobulins conjugated to horseradish peroxidase (conjugate) are incubated and react with the antigen-antibody complex of the samples in the microplates. Unbound conjugate is washed off in the following step. Addition of TMB-substrate generates an enzymatic colorimetric (blue) reaction, which is stopped by diluted acid (color changes to yellow). The rate of color formation from the chromogen is a function of the amount of conjugate bound to the antigen-antibody complex and this is proportional to the initial concentration of the respective antibodies in the patient sample.

3. Kit Contents

<i>To be reconstitute</i> 5x Sample Buffer	ed: 1 vial, 20 ml - 5x concentrated (capped white: yellow solution) Containing: Tris, NaCl, BSA, sodium azide < 0.1% (preservative)
50x Wash Buffer	1 vial, 20 ml - 50x concentrated (capped white: green solution) Containing: Tris, NaCl, Tween 20, sodium azide < 0.1% (preservative)
<i>Ready to use:</i> Negative Control	1 vial, 1.5 ml (capped green: colorless solution)
Positive Control	Containing: Human serum (diluted), sodium azide < 0.1% (preservative) 1 vial, 1.5 ml (capped red: yellow solution)
	Containing: Human serum (diluted), sodium azide < 0.1% (preservative)
Cut-off Calibrator	1 vial, 1.5 ml (capped blue: yellow solution) Containing: Human serum (diluted), sodium azide < 0.1% (preservative)
Calibrators	6 vials, 1.5 ml each 0, 3, 10, 30, 100, 300 U/ml (color increasing with concentration: yellow solutions) Containing: Human serum (diluted), sodium azide < 0.1% (preservative)
Conjugate	1 vial,15 ml IgG (capped blue: blue solution) Containing: Anti-human immunoglobulins conjugated to horseradish peroxidase
TMB Substrate	1 vial, 15 ml (capped black) Containing: Stabilized TMB/H ₂ O ₂
Stop Solution	1 vial, 15 ml (capped white: colorless solution) Containing: 1M Hydrochloric Acid
Microtiterplate	12x8 well strips with breakaway microwells Coating see paragraph 1

Material required but not provided:

Microtiter plate reader 450 nm reading filter and optional 620 nm reference filter (600-690 nm). Glass ware(cylinder 100-1000ml), test tubes for dilutions. Vortex mixer, precision pipettes (10, 100, 200, 500, 1000 μ l) or adjustable multipipette (100-1000ml). Microplate washing device (300 μ l repeating or multi-channel pipette or automated system), adsorbent paper.

Our tests are designed to be used with purified water according to the definition of the United States Pharmacopeia (USP 26 - NF 21) and the European Pharmacopeia (Eur.Ph. 4th ed.).

4. Storage and Shelf Life

Store all reagents and the microplate at 2-8°C / 35-46°F, in their original containers. Once prepared, reconstituted solutions are stable for 1 month at 4°C / 39°F, at least. *Reagents and the microplate shall be used within the expiry date indicated on each component, only. Avoid intense exposure of TMB solution to light. Store microplates in designated foil, including the desiccant, and seal tightly.*

5.1 Health hazard data

THIS PRODUCT IS FOR IN VITRO DIAGNOSTIC USE ONLY. Thus, only staff trained and specially advised in methods of in vitro diagnostics may perform the kit. Although this product is not considered particularly toxic or dangerous in conditions of normal use, refer to the following for maximum safety :

Recommendations and precautions

This kit contains potentially hazardous components. Though kit reagents are not classified being irritant to eyes and skin we recommend to avoid contact with eyes and skin and wear disposable gloves.

WARNING ! Calibrators, Controls and Buffers contain sodium azide (NaN_3) as a preservative. NaN_3 may be toxic if ingested or adsorbed by skin or eyes. NaN_3 may react with lead and copper plumbing to form highly explosive metal azides. On disposal, flush with a large volume of water to prevent azide build-up. Please refer to decontamination procedures as outlined by CDC or other local/national guidelines.

Do not smoke, eat or drink when manipulating the kit.

Do not pipette by mouth.

All human source material used for some reagents of this kit (controls, standards e.g.) has been tested by approved methods and found negative for HbsAg, Hepatitis C and HIV 1. However, no test can guarantee the absence of viral agents in such material completely. Thus handle kit controls, standards and patient samples as if capable of transmitting infectious diseases and according to national requirements.

5.2 General directions for use

Do not mix or substitute reagents or microplates from different lot numbers. This may lead to variations in the results.

Allow all components to reach room temperature (20-32°C/68-89.6°F) before use, mix well and follow the recommended incubation scheme for an optimum performance of the test.

Incubation: We recommend test performance at 30°C/86°F for automated systems.

Never expose components to higher temperature than 37°C/ 98.6 °F.

Always pipette substrate solution with brand new tips only. Protect this reagent from light. Never pipette conjugate with tips used with other reagents prior.

A definite clinical diagnosis should not be based on the results of the performed test only, but should be made by the physician after all clinical and laboratory findings have been evaluated. The diagnosis is to be verified using different diagnostic methods.

6. Sample Collection, Handling and Storage

Use preferentially freshly collected serum samples. Blood withdrawal must follow national requirements.

Do not use icteric, lipemic, hemolysed or bacterially contaminated samples. Sera with particles should be cleared by low speed centrifugation (<1000 x g). Blood samples should be collected in clean, dry and empty tubes. After separation, the serum samples should be used immediately, respectively stored tightly closed at 2-8°C/35-46°F up to three days, or frozen at -20°C/-4°F for longer periods.

7. Assay Procedure

7.1 Preparations prior to pipetting

Dilute concentrated reagents:

Dilute the concentrated sample buffer 1:5 with distilled water (e.g. 20 ml plus 80 ml). Dilute the concentrated wash buffer 1:50 with distilled water (e.g. 20 ml plus 980 ml).

Samples:

Dilute serum samples 1:101 with sample buffer (1x) e.g. 1000 μ l sample buffer (1x) + 10 μ l serum. Mix well !

Washing:

Prepare 20 ml of diluted wash buffer (1x) per 8 wells or 200 ml for 96 wells e.g. 4 ml concentrate plus 196 ml distilled water.

Automated washing:

Consider excess volumes required for setting up the instrument and dead volume of robot pipette.

Manual washing:

Discard liquid from wells by inverting the plate. Knock the microwell frame with wells downside vigorously on clean adsorbent paper. Pipette 300 μ l of diluted wash buffer into each well, wait for 20 seconds. Repeat the whole procedure twice again.

Microplates:

Calculate the number of wells required for the test. Remove unused wells from the frame, replace and store in the provided plastic bag, together with desiccant, seal tightly (2-8°C/35-46°F).

7.2 Work flow

For pipetting scheme see Annex A, for the test procedure see Annex B We recommend pipetting samples and calibrators in duplicate. Cut-off calibrator should be used for qualitative testing only.

- Pipette 100 µl of each patient's diluted serum into the designated microwells.
- Pipette 100 µl calibrators OR cut-off calibrator and negative and positive controls into the designated wells.
- Incubate for 30 minutes at 20-32°C/68-89.6°F.
- Wash 3x with 300 μl washing buffer (diluted 1:50).
- Pipette 100 µl conjugate into each well.
- Incubate for 30 minutes at 20-32°C/68-89.6°F.
- Wash 3x with 300 µl washing buffer (diluted 1:50).
- Pipette 100 µl TMB substrate into each well.
- Incubate for 30 minutes at 20-32°C/68-89.6°F, protected from intense light.
- Pipette 100 µl stop solution into each well, using the same order as pipetting the substrate.
- Incubate 5 minutes minimum.
- Agitate plate carefully for 5 sec.
- Read absorbance at 450 nm (optionally 450/620 nm) within 30 minutes.

For **quantitative interpretation** establish the standard curve by plotting the **optical density (OD) of each calibrator (y-axis)** with respect to the corresponding concentration values in **U/mI (x-axis)**. For best results we recommend log/lin coordinates and 4-Parameter Fit. From the OD of each sample, read the corresponding antibody concentrations expressed in **U/mI**.

Normal Range	Equivocal Range	Positive Results		
< 12 U/ml	12 - 18 U/ml	>18 U/ml		

Example of a standard curve

We recommend pipetting calibrators in parallel for each run.

Calibrators IgG	OD 450/620 nm	CV % (Variation)
0 U/ml	0.032	2.8
3 U/ml	0.152	2.6
10 U/ml	0.281	1.2
30 U/ml	0.646	2.4
100 U/ml	1.214	1.7
300 U/ml	2.104	1.6

Example of calculation

Patient	Replicate (OD)	Mean (OD)	Result (U/ml)
P 01	0.794/0.792	0.793	45.4
P 02	1.453/1.477	1.465	135.8

For lot specific data, see enclosed quality control leaflet. Medical laboratories might perform an inhouse Quality Control by using own controls and/or internal pooled sera, as foreseen by EU regulations.

Do not use this example for interpreting patients results!

Each laboratory should establish its own normal range based upon its own techniques, controls, equipment and patient population according to their own established procedures.

For qualitative interpretation read the optical density of the cut-off calibrator and the patient samples. Compare patient'sOD with the OD of the cut-off calibrator. For qualitative interpretation we recommend to consider sera within a range of 20% around the cut-off value as equivocal. All samples with higher ODs are considered positive, samples with lower ODs are considered negative.

Negative:	OD patient < 0.8 x OD cut-off
Equivocal:	$0.8 \times OD_{cut-off} \le OD_{patient} \le 1.2 \times OD_{cut-off}$
Positive	OD patient > 1.2 x OD cut-off

9. Technical Data

Sample material:	serum
Sample volume:	10 μ l of sample diluted 1:101 with 1x sample buffer
Total incubation time:	90 minutes at 20-32°C/68-89.6°F
Calibration range:	0-300 U/ml
Analytical sensitivity:	1.0 U/ml
Storage:	at 2-8°C / 35-46°F use original vials, only
Number of determinations:	96 tests

10. Performance Data

10.1 Analytical sensitivity

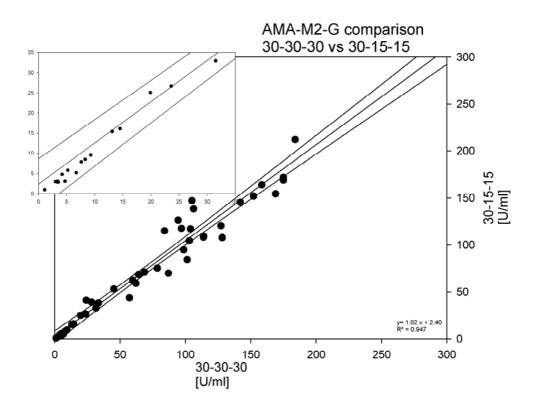
Testing sample buffer 30 times on *AESKULISA AMA-M2-G (REF7705)* gave an analytical sensivity of 1.0 U/ml.

10.2 Specificity and sensitivity

The microplate is coated with highly purified mitochondrial M2 antigen. No crossreactivities to other autoantigens have been found. Anti-M2 antibodies have been shown to be specific for the diagnosis of PBC (Berg et al., 1982) and were found in 96% of PBC patients. The data has been aquired with the *AESKULISA AMA-M2-G (REF7705)*.

Correlation:

The comparability of performance data was assessed with 49 sera tested on both, *AESKULISA* 7705 and *AESKULISA* 3705. A linear regression analysis of the two products showed that the two products are equivalent. Included in these sera are 18 sera close to cut-off.



10.3 Linearity

Chosen sera have been tested with this kit and found to dilute linearly. However, due to the heterogeneous nature of human autoantibodies there might be samples that do not follow this rule.

		measured	expected	
Sample	Dilution	concentration	concentration	Recovery
No.	Factor	(U/ml)	(U/ml)	(%)
1	1 / 100	154.0	157.0	98.1
	1 / 200	77.0	78.5	98.1
	1 / 400	40.8	39.3	103.8
	1 / 800	20.4	19.6	104.1
2	1 / 100	65.0	63.0	103.2
	1 / 200	32.0	31.5	101.6
	1 / 400	16.4	15.8	103.8
	1 / 800	8.2	7.9	103.8

10.4 Precision

To determine the precision of the assay, the variability (intra and inter-assay) was assessed by examining its reproducibility on three serum samples selected to represent a range over the standard curve.

In	tra-Assa	ay					
Sample	Sample Mean						
No.	(U/ml)	(%)					
1	153.3	3.4					
2	63.7	2.8					
3	24.8	1.4					

Inter-Assay							
Sample Mean CV							
No.	(U/ml)	(%)					
1	144.8	4.2					
2	59.7	2.1					
3	21.4	1.5					

10.5 Calibration

Due to the lack of international reference calibration this assay is calibrated in arbitrary units (U/mI).

11. Literature

- 1. Berg PA, Klein R (1989). Heterogeneity of antimitochondrial antibodies. Seminars in liver disease 9: 103-116.
- Berg, P.A., Klein, R., Lindenborn-Fotinos, J.,Klöppel,G. (1982). *ATPase associated antigen (M2): marker antigen for serological diagnosis of primary biliary cirrhosis.* Lancet 2: 1423-1426.
- Manns M, Meyer zum Büschenfelde K-H (1989). Primäre biliäre Zirrhose. In: Hepatologie und Praxis, Meyer zum Büschenfelde K-H, Arnold W, Hüttenroth TH eds. Georg Thieme Verlag stuttgart, New York, 350-358.

4. Coppel RL, Gershwin ME (1995).

Primary biliary cirrhosis: The molecule and the mimic. Immunological Reviews 44: 17-49.

ANNEX A: Pipetting scheme

We suggest pipetting calibrators, controls and samples as follows: For **quantitative interpretation** use calibrators to establish a standard curve. For **qualitative interpretation** use cut-off calibrator.

	for quantitative interpretation use cali- brators to establish a standard curve						for qualitative interpretation use cut- off calibrator					cut-
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Α	CalA	CalE	P1				NC	P2				
В	CalA	CalE	P1				NC	P2				
С	CalB	CalF	P2				CC	P3				
D	CalB	CalF	P2				CC	P3				
Ε	CalC	PC	P3				PC					
F	CalC	PC	P3				PC					
G	CalD	NC					P1					
Н	CalD	NC					P1					

CalA: calibrator A, CalB: calibrator B, CalC: calibrator C, CalD: calibrator D, CalE: calibrator E, CalF: calibrator F

PC: positive control

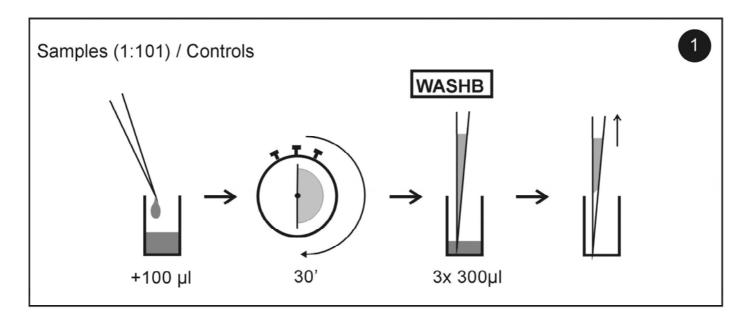
NC: negative control

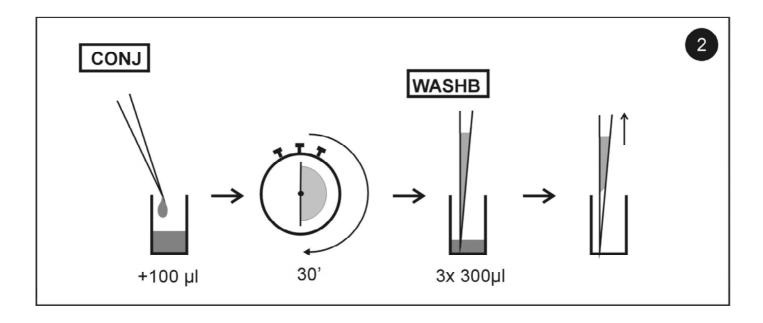
CC: Cut-off calibrator

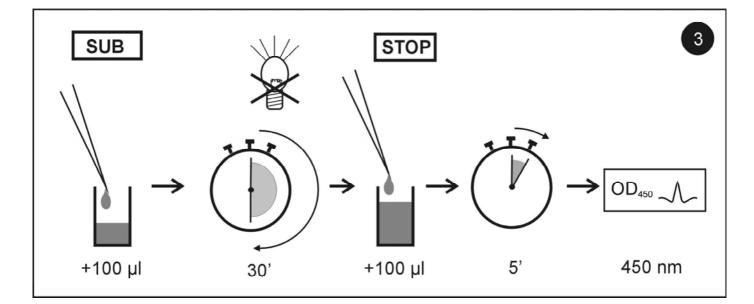
- P1: patient 1
- P2: patient 2

P3: patient 3

Annex B: Test Procedure







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	 Controlo positivo 	
	 Controllo negativo 	 Negative Control
	 Contrôle Négatif 	 Control Negativo
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	◆ Coniugato	♦ Conjugate
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MP	 Beschichtete Mikrotiterplatte Microplaca revestida 	 Επικαλυμμένη μικροπλάκα
MP	 Beschichtete Mikrotiterplatte Microplaca revestida Piastra ad aghi rivestita 	 Επικαλυμμένη μικροπλάκα Coated pinplate
	 Beschichtete Mikrotiterplatte Microplaca revestida Piastra ad aghi rivestita Pinplate sensibilisée 	 Επικαλυμμένη μικροπλάκα Coated pinplate Pinplate sensibilizada
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PINP WASHB 50x SUB	Beschichtete Mikrotiterplatte Microplaca revestida Piastra ad aghi rivestita Pinplate sensibilisée Beschichtete Pinplatte Pinplate revestida Tampone di lavaggio Tampon de Lavage Waschpuffer Solucão de lavagem Tampone substrato Substrat Substrat Substratpuffer Substrato	 Επικαλυμμένη μικροπλάκα Coated pinplate Pinplate sensibilizada Επικαλυμμένη πλάκα Pin Wash buffer Solución de lavado Ρυθμιστικό διάλυμα πλύσης Substrate buffer Tampón sustrato Ρυθμιστικό διάλυμα υποστρώματος
PINP WASHB 50x	Beschichtete Mikrotiterplatte Microplaca revestida Piastra ad aghi rivestita Pinplate sensibilisée Beschichtete Pinplatte Pinplate revestida Tampone di lavaggio Tampon de Lavage Waschpuffer Solucão de lavagem Tampone substrato Substrat Substrat Substrat Reagente bloccante	 Επικάλυμμένη μικροπλάκα Coated pinplate Pinplate sensibilizada Επικαλυμμένη πλάκα Pin Wash buffer Solución de lavado Ρυθμιστικό διάλυμα πλύσης Substrate buffer Tampón sustrato Ρυθμιστικό διάλυμα υποστρώματος Stop solution
PINP WASHB 50x SUB	Beschichtete Mikrotiterplatte Microplaca revestida Piastra ad aghi rivestita Pinplate sensibilisée Beschichtete Pinplatte Pinplate revestida Tampone di lavaggio Tampon de Lavage Waschpuffer Solucão de lavagem Tampone substrato Substrat Substrat Substrat Reagente bloccante Solution d'Arrêt	 Επικάλυμμένη μικροπλάκα Coated pinplate Pinplate sensibilizada Επικαλυμμένη πλάκα Pin Wash buffer Solución de lavado Ρυθμιστικό διάλυμα πλύσης Substrate buffer Tampón sustrato Ρυθμιστικό διάλυμα υποστρώματος Stop solution Solución de parada
PINP WASHB 50x SUB	Beschichtete Mikrotiterplatte Microplaca revestida Piastra ad aghi rivestita Pinplate sensibilisée Beschichtete Pinplatte Pinplate revestida Tampone di lavaggio Tampon de Lavage Waschpuffer Solucão de lavagem Tampone substrato Substrat Substrat Substrat Substrato Reagente bloccante Solution d'Arrêt Stopreagenz	 Επικάλυμμένη μικροπλάκα Coated pinplate Pinplate sensibilizada Επικαλυμμένη πλάκα Pin Wash buffer Solución de lavado Ρυθμιστικό διάλυμα πλύσης Substrate buffer Tampón sustrato Ρυθμιστικό διάλυμα υποστρώματος Stop solution Solución de parada
PINP WASHB 50x SUB STOP	Beschichtete Mikrotiterplatte Microplaca revestida Piastra ad aghi rivestita Pinplate sensibilisée Beschichtete Pinplatte Pinplate revestida Tampone di lavaggio Tampon de Lavage Waschpuffer Solucão de lavagem Tampone substrato Substrat Substrat Substrat Substrato Reagente bloccante Solution d'Arrêt Stopreagenz Solucão de paragem	 Επικάλυμμένη μικροπλάκα Coated pinplate Pinplate sensibilizada Επικαλυμμένη πλάκα Pin Wash buffer Solución de lavado Ρυθμιστικό διάλυμα πλύσης Substrate buffer Tampón sustrato Ρυθμιστικό διάλυμα υποστρώματος Stop solution Solución de parada Αντιδραστήριο διακοπής αντίδρασης
PINP WASHB 50x SUB	Beschichtete Mikrotiterplatte Microplaca revestida Plastra ad aghi rivestita Pinplate sensibilisée Beschichtete Pinplatte Pinplate revestida Tampone di lavaggio Tampon de Lavage Waschpuffer Solucão de lavagem Tampone substrato Substrat Substrat Substrato Reagente bloccante Solucão de paragem Tampone campione	 Επικαλυμμένη μικροπλάκα Coated pinplate Pinplate sensibilizada Επικαλυμμένη πλάκα Pin Wash buffer Solución de lavado Ρυθμιστικό διάλυμα πλύσης Substrate buffer Tampón sustrato Ρυθμιστικό διάλυμα υποστρώματος Stop solution Solución de parada Αντιδραστήριο διακοπής αντίδρασης Sample buffer