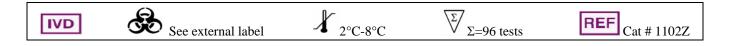


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Toxoplasma gondii IgM (Toxo IgM)

Cat # 1102Z

Test	Toxoplasma Gondii IgM ELISA		
Method	ELISA: Enzyme Linked Immunosorbent Assay		
Principle	Indirect ELISA: Antigen Coated Plate		
Detection Range	Qualitative: Positive & Negative Control		
Sample	10μL		
Specificity	100%		
Sensitivity	100%		
Total Time	~90 min		
Shelf Life	12-14 months		

^{*} Laboratory results can never be the only base of a medical report. The patient history and further tests have to be taken into account.

INTENDED USE

The DIAGNOSTIC AUTOMATION, Toxoplasma IgM is intended for use in the detection of IgM to Toxoplasma gondii.

SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION OF THE TEST

Toxoplasmosis is caused by the intracellular parasite Toxoplasma gondii and may be contracted by consuming contaminated meat or by contact with cat feces containing oocysts. In adolescence and adulthood, most infections are subclinical. However, if a pregnant woman contracts toxoplasmosis, it may be passed through the placenta to the fetus, resulting in congenital toxoplasmosis, which is a cause of mortality and malformation. Asymptomatic infants may develop anomalies later in life.

PRINCIPLE OF THE TEST

Purified Toxoplasma gondii antigen is coated on the surface of microwells. Diluted patient serum is added to wells, and the Toxoplasma gondii IgM specific antibody, if present, binds to the antigen. All unbound materials are washed away. After adding enzyme conjugate, it binds to the antibody-antigen complex. Excess enzyme conjugate is washed off and TMB Chromogenic substrate is added. The enzyme conjugate catalytic reaction is stopped at a specific time. The intensity of the color generated is proportional to the amount of IgM specific antibody in the sample. The results are read by a microwell reader compared in a parallel manner with calibrator and controls.

MATERIALS PROVIDED

 Microwell Strips: purified Toxoplasma antigen coated wells Absorbent Solution: Black Cap. Calibrator: Factor value (f) stated on label. Red Cap. Negative Control: Range stated on label. Natural Cap. Positive Control: Range stated on label. Green Cap. Washing Concentrate 10 x: White Cap. Enzyme Conjugate: Red color solution. TMB Chromogenic Substrate: Amber bottle. 	(12 x 8 wells) 1 vial (22 ml) 1 vial (150 μl) 1 vial (150 μl) 1 vial (150 μl) 1 bottle (100 ml) 1 vial (12 ml) 1 vial (12 ml)
8. TMB Chromogenic Substrate: Amber bottle.9. Stop Solution.	1 vial (12 ml) 1 vial (12 ml)

STORAGE AND STABILITY

- 1. Store the kit at 2 8 °C.
- 2. Always keep microwells tightly sealed in pouch with desiccants. We recommend you use up all wells within 4 weeks after initial opening of the pouch.
- 3. The reagents are stable until expiration of the kit.
- 4. Do not expose test reagents to heat, sun or strong light during storage or usage.

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

1. Potential biohazardous materials:

The calibrator and controls contain human source components which have been tested and found nonreactive for hepatitis B surface antigen as well as HIV antibody with FDA licensed reagents. However, as there is no test method that can offer complete assurance that HIV, Hepatitis B virus or other infectious agents are absent, these reagents should be handled at the Biosafety Level 2, as recommended in the Centers for Disease Control/National Institutes of Health manual, "Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories." 1984

- 2. Do not pipette by mouth. Do not smoke, eat, or drink in the areas in which specimens or kit reagents are handled.
- 3. The components in this kit are intended for use as a integral unit. The components of different lots should not be mixed.
- 4. This product contains components preserved with sodium azide. Sodium azide may react with lead and copper plumbing to form explosive metal azide. On disposal, flush with a large volume of water.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND HANDLING

- 1. Collect blood specimens and separate the serum.
- 2. Specimens may be refrigerated at 2 8 ^OC for up to seven days or frozen for up to six months. Avoid repetitive freezing and thawing of serum sample.

PREPARATION FOR ASSAY

- 1. Prepare 1x washing buffer.
 - Prepare washing buffer by adding distilled or deionized water to 10x wash concentrate to a final volume of 1 liter.
- 2. Bring all specimens and kit reagents to room temperature (20-25 ^OC) and gently mix.

ASSAY PROCEDURE

- 1. Place desired number of coated strips into the holder.
- 2. Prepare 1:40 dilutions by adding 5µl of the samples, negative control, positive control, and calibrator to 200 µl of absorbent solution. Mix well.
- 3. Dispense 100 µl of diluted sera, calibrator, and controls into the appropriate wells. For the reagent blank, dispense 100 µl absorbent solution in 1A well position. Tap the holder to remove air bubbles from the liquid and mix well. Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature.
- 4. Remove liquid from all wells and repeat washing three times with washing buffer.
- 5. Dispense 100 µl of enzyme conjugate to each well and incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature.
- 6. Remove enzyme conjugate from all wells. Repeat washing three times with washing buffer.
- 7. Dispense 100 µl TMB Chromogenic Substrate to each well and incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature.
- Add 100 µl of 2 N HCl to stop reaction.
 Make sure there are no air bubbles in each well before reading
- 9. Read O.D. at 450 nm with a microwell reader.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

To obtain Cut off OD value: Multiply the OD of Calibrator by Factor (f) printed on label of Calibrator. Calculate the IgM Index of each determination by dividing the OD values of each sample by obtained OD value of Cut off.

For example:

If Factor (f) value on label = 0.4

This factor (f) is a variable value. It could be 0.35 or 0.5 etc. printed on label of Calibrator.

Obtained Calibrator O.D. = 1.100

Cut-off O.D. = $1.100 \times 0.4 = 0.44$ (By definition IgM Index = 1)

DAI Code # 11

Patient sample O.D. = 0.580 IgM Index = 0.580 / 0.44 = 1.32 (Positive result)

Patient sample O.D. = 0.320 IgM Index = 0.320 / 0.44 = 0.73 (Negative result)

QUALITY CONTROL

The test run may be considered valid provided the following criteria are met:

- 1. The O.D. value of the reagent blank against air from a microwell reader should be less than 0.250.
- 2. If the O.D. value of the Calibrator is lower than 0.250, the test is not valid and must be repeated.
- 3. The Toxo M Index for Negative and Positive Control should be in the range stated on the labels.

INTERPRETATION

Negative: Toxo M Index less than 0.90 are negative for IgM antibody to T. gondii. Equivocal: Toxo M Index between 0.91- 0.99 are equivocal. Sample should be retested.

Positive: Toxo M Index of 1.00 or greater are positive for IgM antibody to T. gondii and indicates

the probability of current or recent toxoplasmosis.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Precision:

The precision of the assay was evaluated by testing three different sera of eight replicates over 3 days. The intra-assay and inter-assay C.V. are summarized below:

	Negative	Low positive	Positive
Intra-assay	8.6%	7.4%	6.2%
Inter-assay	9.5%	8.4%	7.5%

LIMITATIONS OF THE PROCEDURE

- 1. To prevent false negative and false positive IgM test results caused by the presence of specific IgG and rheumatoid factor (RF) in some specimens, reagents provided in this kit has been formulated to resolve these interferences. However, specimens with extremely high RF and high autoimmune antibodies, the possibility of these interferences cannot be ruled out entirely.
- 2. Lipemic, hemolyzed, icteric or heat inactivated sera may cause erroneous results.
- 3. As with other serological assays, the results of these assays should be used in conjunction with information available from clinical evaluation and other diagnostic procedures.

REFERENCE

- 1. Turune, H.J., P.O. Leinikke, and K. M. Saari. Demonstration of Intraocular Synthesis of Immunoglobulin G Toxoplasma Antibodies for Specific diagnosis of Toxoplasmic Chorioretinitis by Enzyme Immunoassay. J. Clin. Microbiol. 17:988-992, 1983.
- 2. Lin, T.M., S.P. Halbert and G.R. O'Connor. Standardized Quantitative Enzyme-linked Immunoassay for Antibodies to Toxoplasma Gondii. J. Clin. Microbiol. Vol.11, 6:675-681, 1980.
- 3. Roller, A., A. Bartlett and D.E. Bidwell. Enzyme Immunoassay with Special Reference ELISA Technique. J. Clin. Path. 31:507-520, 1987.
- 4. Voller, A., D.E. Bidwell, A. Bartlett, D.G. Flick, M. Perkins and B. Oladshin. A Microplate Enzyme-immunoassay for Toxoplasma Antibodies. J. Clin. Path. 29:150-153, 1976

Date Adopted	Reference No.
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