

Liquick Cor - CK

Kit name	Cat. No	HK	> 2.5 U/ml
Liquick Cor-CK mini	1-294	2-Reagent	
Liquick Cor-CK 30	1-219	diadenosinepentaphosphate	10 μmol/l
Liquick Cor-CK 60	1-220	glucose-6-phosphate-dehydrogenase (G6P-DH)	> 1.5 U/ml
Liquick Cor-CK 500	1-319	creatine phosphate	30 mmol/l
		preservative	

INTENDED USE

Diagnostic kit for determination of creatine kinase activity intended to use both for manual assay (Sample Start and Reagent Start method) and in several automatic analysers.

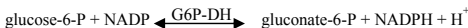
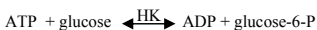
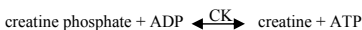
The reagents must be used only for in vitro diagnostic, by suitably qualified laboratory personnel, only for the intended purpose, under appropriate laboratory conditions.

INTRODUCTION

Creatine kinase (CK) catalyzes the transfer of phosphate group between creatine phosphate and adenosine diphosphate (ADP). The product of this reaction is adenosine triphosphate (ATP) – molecular source of energy. CK is a dimer, composed of two different subunits called M and B. Three different isoenzymes formed from these subunits are found in brain and smooth muscle (BB), skeletal muscle (MM) and cardiac muscle (MM and MB). Increased level of CK is usually the result of muscle injury, myocardial or pulmonary infarction.

METHOD PRINCIPLE

Optimized kinetic method according to International Federation of Clinical Chemistry (IFCC).



The rate of absorbance changes at $\lambda=340$ nm is directly proportional to creatine kinase activity.

REAGENTS

Package	Liquick Cor-CK mini	Liquick Cor-CK 30	Liquick Cor-CK 60	Liquick Cor-CK 500
R1	2 x 25 ml	5 x 25 ml	5 x 50 ml	3 x 500 ml
R2	1 x 10 ml	1 x 25 ml	1 x 50 ml	1 x 300 ml

The reagents when stored at 2-8°C are stable up to expiry date printed on the package. The reagents are stable for 4 weeks on board the analyser (Prestige 24i) at 2-10°C.

Working reagent preparation and stability

Assay can be performed with use of separate 1-CK and 2-CK reagents or with use of working reagent. For working reagent preparation mix gently 5 parts of 1-CK with 1 part of 2-CK. Avoid foaming!

Stability of working reagent: 4 days at 2-8°C
 Protect from light and avoid contamination!

Concentrations in the test

1-Reagent	
imidazole buffer	100 mmol/l
glucose	20 mmol/l
N-acetylcysteine	20 mmol/l
magnesium acetate	10 mmol/l
EDTA	2 mmol/l
NADP	2 mmol/l
ADP	2 mmol/l
AMP	5 mmol/l

Warnings and notes

- Protect from direct sunlight and avoid contamination!
- Do not freeze reagents.
- Do not interchange caps among reagents.
- Please refer to the MSDS for detailed information concerning safe storage and use of the product.
- 1-Reagent meeting the criteria for classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Ingredients:

1-Reagent contains imidazole.

Danger

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
 P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
 P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned:
 Get medical advice/attention.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of the contents/containers in accordance with the current legislation on waste treatment.

ADDITIONAL EQUIPMENT

- automatic analyzer or photometer able to read at 340 nm (334/365 nm); with resolving power of absorbance 0.0001;
- thermostat at 37°C;
- general laboratory equipment;

SPECIMEN

Serum, free from hemolysis.
 CK activity is unstable and is rapidly lost during storage. Probes should be stored tightly closed and protected from light.
 Specimens can be stored up to 4-8 hours at 15-25 °C or 1-2 days at 2-8°C or 1 month at -20°C.
 Nevertheless it is recommended to perform the assay with freshly collected samples!

PROCEDURE

1-Reagent and 2-Reagent are ready to use.
 Applications for them are available on request.

Manual procedure

wavelength	340 nm (365 nm / 334 nm)
temperature	37°C
cuvette	1 cm

Sample Start method

Pipette into the cuvettes:

	reagent blank (RB)	standard (S)	test (T)
working reagent	1000 μl	1000 μl	1000 μl

Bring up to the temperature of determination. Then add:

sample	-	-	40 μl
calibrator	-	40 μl	-

Mix and incubate at adequate temperature (37 °C). After about 2 min. read the absorbance A of standard sample A(S) and test sample A(T) against reagent blank (RB). Repeat the reading after exactly 1, 2 and 3 minutes. Calculate the mean absorbance change per minute for the standard sample $\Delta A/\text{min.}(S)$ and the test sample $\Delta A/\text{min.}(T)$.

Calculation

$$\text{CK activity } [U/l] = \frac{\Delta A/\text{min.}(T)}{\Delta A/\text{min.}(S)} \times \text{calibrator concentration } [U/l]$$

Reagent Start method

The determination can be also performed with use of separate 1-CK and 2-CK reagents.

Pipette into the cuvettes:

	reagent blank (RB)	standard (S)	test (T)
1-CK	1000 μl	1000 μl	1000 μl
sample	-	-	40 μl
calibrator	-	40 μl	-

Mix gently, incubate for 5 min. Then add:

2-CK	200 μl	200 μl	200 μl
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Mix and incubate at adequate temperature (37 °C). After about 2 min. read the absorbance A of standard sample A(S) and test sample A(T) against reagent blank (RB). Repeat the reading after exactly 1, 2, 3 and 4 minutes. Calculate the mean absorbance change per minute for the standard sample $\Delta A/\text{min.}(S)$ and the test sample $\Delta A/\text{min.}(T)$.

Calculation

$$\text{CK activity } [U/l] = \frac{\Delta A/\text{min.}(T)}{\Delta A/\text{min.}(S)} \times \text{calibrator concentration } [U/l]$$

REFERENCE VALUES 8

serum	37°C	
female	< 167 U/l	< 2.78 μkat/l
male	< 190 U/l	< 3.17 μkat/l

It is recommended for each laboratory to establish its own reference ranges for local population.

QUALITY CONTROL

For internal quality control it is recommended to use the CORMAY SERUM HN (Cat. No 5-172) and CORMAY SERUM HP (Cat. No 5-173) with each batch of samples.
 For calibration the CORMAY MULTICALIBRATOR LEVEL 1 (Cat. No 5-174; 5-176) or LEVEL 2 (Cat. No 5-175; 5-177) are recommended.

The calibration curve should be prepared every 4 weeks (Prestige 24i), with change of reagent lot number or as required e.g. quality control findings outside the specified range.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

These metrological characteristics have been obtained using automatic analysers Biolis 24i Premium or/and Prestige 24i. Results may vary if a different instrument or a manual procedure is used.

Sensitivity: 4.4 U/l (0.072 μkat/l).

Linearity: up to 1600 U/l (26.7 μkat/l).

Samples with higher CK activity dilute 1:1 with 0.9% NaCl and repeat the assay. Multiply the result by 2.

Specificity / Interferences

Haemoglobin up to 0.156 g/dl, bilirubin up to 20 mg/dl, ascorbate up to 62 mg/l and triglycerides up to 1000 mg/dl do not interfere with the test.

Precision

Repeatability (run to run) n = 10	Mean [U/l]	SD [U/l]	CV [%]
level 1	137.22	0.78	0.57
level 2	509.97	1.14	0.22

Reproducibility (day to day) n = 20	Mean [U/l]	SD [U/l]	CV [%]
level 1	140.43	2.33	1.66
level 2	521.19	5.06	0.97

Method comparison

A comparison between CK values determined at Biolis 24i Premium (y) and at OLYMPUS AU400 (x) using 24 samples gave following results:

$$y = 0.9355x + 2.3019 \text{ U/l;}$$

$$R = 1.0 \quad (R - \text{correlation coefficient})$$

WASTE MANAGEMENT

Please refer to local legal requirements.

LITERATURE

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